# Bidirectional protection wattmeters 

Analogue indicator to measure three-phase current



## Description

Electronic instrument on the front panel (96x96) used to protect generators against overloads and inverse power. The instrument is composed of a power converter with an analogue output connected to the needle indicator with 2 relays. The unit measures and indicates the system's power constantly (measurement in 4 quadrants), sending an alarm signal when the power exceeds the set trip values. The alarm is indicated by activating the output relays. The two LEDS on the front panel can be used to view the status of output relays. The scale is exchangeable.

## Application

- The instrument has two independent relays: an overload and an inverse power relay.


## Overload protection

The protection has these characteristics:

- Trip point adjustable between 0 and $100 \%$ of the scale base power
- Hysteresis adjustable between 1 and $50 \%$ of the scale base
- Delay adjustable between 0 and 30 s

O Inverse power protection. With various generators connected in parallel, one can start consuming power and working as a motor, under determined situations ("motorization"). The relay is activated when the circumstances are met.

The protection system has the following characteristics:Trip point adjustable between 0 and $20 \%$ of the scale base power

- Delay is adjustable between 0 and 30 s .
- Relay interlocking* (latch): when the

| Features |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | PGR |
| Input circuit |  |
| Nominal current $I_{\mathrm{n}}$ <br> Current measurement range <br> Current overload <br> Impedance | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{dc} \\ & 0 \ldots 130 \% I_{\mathrm{n}} \\ & 5 I_{\mathrm{n}} \text { permanent } \\ & 3 \Omega \end{aligned}$ |
| Auxiliary power supply |  |
| Nominal value in AC <br> Frequency <br> Consumption <br> Nominal value in DC <br> Consumption | $\begin{aligned} & 115 / 230 / 400 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 40 \ldots 80 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \cdot \mathrm{~A} \\ & 9-18 / 18-36 / 36-72 / 90-140 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 2.5 \mathrm{~V} \cdot \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |
| Ambient conditions |  |
| Operating temperature <br> Limit temperature <br> Altitude | $\begin{gathered} +5 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ -25 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ 2000 \mathrm{~m} \end{gathered}$ |
| Build features |  |
| Dimensions (mm) <br> Weight (g) | $\begin{gathered} 96 \times 96 \times 77.2 \\ 435 \end{gathered}$ |
| Type of box | DIN rail |
| Degree of protection: |  |
| Front panel Terminals | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IP } 52 \\ & \text { IP } 20 \end{aligned}$ |
| Standards | UL 94, DIN 43780, IEC 51, UNE 21318 |

alarm condition is met, the relay is activated until the instrument's auxiliary power supply is not shut down (even when the alarm conditions disappear)
O Fault security: the relay bypass position is the same as when the alarm is triggered. Therefore, when the auxiliary power supply is shut down, the unit sends an alarm.
*: The system can be supplied with no relay interlocking (latch), on demand.

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## References

Single-phase wattmeters

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | PGR 96 M |
| Converter (See catalogue M2) | CW-M |
| Class | 1,5 |
| Scale | $90^{\circ}, \mathrm{P} 2$ |
| U / I | $100 \ldots 500 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 . . . 5 0 0 ~ V}$ | $\ldots / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ (*) $^{*}$ |

## Coding table



Three-phase wattmeters

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PGR 96E | PGR 96A | PGR 96AN |
| Converter (See catalogue M2) | CW-TE | CW-TA | CW-TAN |
| Class |  | 1,5 |  |
| Scale |  | $90^{\circ}, \mathrm{P} 2$ |  |
| U / I |  | $100 . .500 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| 100... 500 V .../5 A (*) | M14722 | M14724 | M14723 |



Connections


